Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) 'No. 2020/878



















SECTION 1: Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

FLOWFRESH HF/LT PART C **Revision Date:** 10/03/2023 **Product Identifier**

Supersedes Date: Flowfresh HF/LT PART C 14/07/2021 **Product Name:**

> 1 **Version Number:**

UFI Code: 4UE0-E0FX-800C-A01V

No Nanoform:

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses

advised against

Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers. Manual activities involving hand contact. Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (indoor). For use by appropriately trained applicators. This component does NOT contain an antimicrobial agent. Roller application or brushing. Low energy spreading of coatings. Advised against: Any other use. Advised against: others than recommended

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

> Tremco CPG Poland Sp. z o. o. Manufacturer:

UI. Marywilska 34 03-228 Warszawa

Polska

Tel: +48 22 879 8907 Fax: +48 22 879 8918 ehs.uk@flowcrete.com www.flowcrete.com.pl/

ehs.uk@flowcrete.com **Datasheet Produced by:**

CHEMTREC +1 703 5273887 (Outside US) 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Classification, Labeling & Packaging Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Date Printed: 10/03/2023

HAZARD STATEMENTS

Skin Irritation, category 2 H315
Skin Sensitizer, category 1 H317
Serious Eye Damage, category 1 H318

2.2 Label elements

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word

Danger

Named Chemicals on Label

Calcium dihydroxide, Cement, portland, chemicals

HAZARD STATEMENTS

Skin Irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Skin Sensitizer, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Serious Eye Damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
PRECAUTION PHRASES		

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/
face protection.

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor/physician.

P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so.

Continue rinsing.

P333+313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3 Other hazards

No Information

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

The product does not meet the criteria for PBT/VPvB in accordance with Annex XIII.

Endocrine disrupting properties - Toxicity

Name According to EEC CAS-No.

No Information

Endocrine disrupting properties - Ecotoxicity

Name According to EEC CAS-No.

No Information

SECTION 3: Composition/Information On Ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not applicable

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous ingredients

Name According to EEC EINEC No. CAS-No. REACH Reg No.	<u>%</u>	<u>Classifications</u>	,	SCL Value: ATE Value: M-Factor:
Cement, portland, chemicals 266-043-4 65997-15-1	10 - <25	H315-317-318-335	SCL Value:	-
exempt		Eye Dam. 1, Skin Irrit. 2, Skin Sens. 1, STOT SE 3 RTI	ATE Value: M-Factor:	-
Calcium dihydroxide 215-137-3 1305-62-0	1.0 - <2.5	H315-318-335	SCL Value:	-
01-2119475151-45		Eye Dam. 1, Skin Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3 RTI	M-Factor:	-

Additional Information:

The text for CLP Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First-aid Measures

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

GENERAL NOTES: When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

AFTER INHALATION: Move to fresh air. Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.

AFTER SKIN CONTACT: Use a mild soap if available. Wash off with soap and plenty of water.

AFTER EYE CONTACT: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Remove contact lenses.

AFTER INGESTION: Gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth with water. Give small amounts of water to drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Self protection of the first aider:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause sensitization by skin contact.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No information available on clinical testing and medical monitoring. Specific toxicological information on substances, if available, can be found in section 11.

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing Media:

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog

FOR SAFETY REASONS NOT TO BE USED: Alcohol, Alcohol based solutions, any other media not listed above.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No Information

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Not combustible. No dangerous ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. High volume water jet. Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. None. This preparation is not classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

Avoid dust formation. Use personal protective equipment.

6.1.2 For emergency responders

See Section 7, 8 and 10 for further information.

6.2 Environmental precautions

No conditions to be specially mentioned.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers. No special environmental precautions required. After cleaning, flush away traces with water. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

6.4 Reference to other sections

FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS: Please refer to EU disposal requirements or country specific disposal requirements for this material. See Section 8 and 13 for further information.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Protect from moisture.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Do not breathe dust. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid moisture.

STORAGE CONDITIONS: Keep tightly closed in a dry and cool place.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Part of the Flowfresh/Flowcrete Multipack system. Component of a resin flooring product. The mixing and application to be in accordance with the technical data sheets.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with Occupational Exposure Limits (UK WELS)

<u>Name</u>	CAS-No.	LTEL ppm	STEL ppm	STEL mg/m3	LTEL mg/m3
Cement, portland, chemicals	65997-15-1				10 4
Calcium dihydroxide	1305-62-0			4	5 1

Name CAS-No. OEL Note

Cement, portland, chemicals 65997-15-1
Calcium dihydroxide 1305-62-0

FURTHER ADVICE: Refer to the regulatory exposure limits for the workforce enforced in each country. Some components may not have been classified under the EU CLP Regulation.

Chemical Name:

EC No.: CAS-No.:

DNELs - Derived no effect level

	Workers				Consumers			
Route of	Acute effect	Acute effects	Chronic	Chronic effects	Acute effect	Acute effects	Chronic	Chronic effects
Exposure	local	systemic	effects local	systemic	local	systemic	effects local	systemic
Oral	Not required							
Inhalation								
Dermal								

PNEC's - Predicted no effect concentration

Environmental protection target	PNEC
Fresh water	
Fresh water sediments	
Marine water	
Marine sediments	
Food chain	
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	
soil (agricultural)	
Air	

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal Protection

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Effective dust mask.

EYE PROTECTION: Eye wash bottle with pure water. Safety glasses. Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN 166.

HAND PROTECTION: Protective gloves. Long sleeved clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: No Information

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Colour: Granules/Powder Mix

Physical State Solid
Odor odorless

Odor threshold Not determined

pH ca. 11.5

Melting point / freezing point (°C)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)

Not determined

N.D. - N.D.

Flash Point, (°C)

Evaporation rate

Not determined

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not determined

 Llower and upper explosive limit
 Not determined

 Vapour Pressure
 Not determined

 Relative vapour density
 Not determined

Density and/or relative density ca. 2.5
Solubility in / Miscibility with water slight

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature (°C)

Not determined

Decomposition temperature (°C)

Not determined

Kinematic viscosity

Not determined

Particle characteristics Not applicable to liquids

9.2 Other information

VOC Content g/l: <20
Specific Gravity (g/cm3) 0.120

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No reactivity hazards known under normal storage and use conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Do not store near acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as definied in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute Toxicity:

Oral LD50: No Information
Inhalation LC50: No Information
Dermal LD50: No Information

Irritation: Irritating to skin.

Cement and hydrated lime powder, especially in a water mix, may cause irritant contact

dermatitis and/or burns.

Sensitization: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may result in allergic eczema.

No information available. Repeated dose toxicity:

Corrosivity:

Carcinogenicity: No information available.

Mutagenicity: No information available.

No information available. Toxicity for reproduction:

STOT-single exposure: No information available.

STOT-repeated exposure: No information available.

No information available. Aspiration hazard:

If no information is available above under Acute Toxicity then the acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Name According to EEC	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50	Gas LC50	Dust/Mist LC50
1305-62-0	Calcium dihydroxide	7340 mg/kg (rat)	>2500 mg/kg (rabbit)		0.000	0.000

Additional Information:

This product may contain Quartz (silicon dioxide), which is listed by IARC as a known carcinogenic to humans (Group 1). This classification is relevant when exposed to Quartz (silicon dioxide) in dust or powder form only, including cured product that is subject to sanding, grinding, cutting, or other surface preparation activities. This product may contain Titanium Dioxide, which is listed by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). This listing is based on inadequate evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence in experimental animals. This classification is relevant when exposed to titanium dioxide in dust or powder form only, including cured product that is subject to sanding, grinding, cutting, or other surface preparation activities. Social Dialogue on Respirable Crystalline Silica and Good Practices Guide

A multi-sectoral social dialogue agreement on Workers Health Protection through the Good Handling and Use of Crystalline Silica and Products Containing it was signed on 25 April 2006. This autonomous agreement, which receives the European Commission's financial support, is based on a Good Practices Guide. The requirements of the Agreement came into force on 25 October 2006. The Agreement was published in the Official Journal of the European Union (2006/C 279/02). The text of the Agreement and its annexes, including the Good Practices Guide, are available from http://www.nepsi.eu and provide useful information and guidance for the handling of products containing respirable crystalline silica. Literature references are available on request from EUROSIL, the European Association of Industrial Silica Producers.

`Literature References

Prolonged and/or massive exposure to respirable crystalline silica-containing dust may cause silicosis, a nodular pulmonary fibrosis caused by deposition in the lungs of fine respirable particles of crystalline silica.

In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However it pointed out that not all industrial circumstances, nor all crystalline silica types, were to be incriminated. (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.)

In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003).

So there is a body of evidence supporting the fact that increased cancer risk would be limited to people already suffering from silicosis. Worker protection against silicosis should be assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits and implementing additional risk management measures where required.

'Health & Safety Executive (specific for UK):

Detailed reviews of the scientific evidence on the health effects of crystalline silica have been published by HSE (Health and Safety Executive, UK) in the Hazard Assessment Documents EH75/4 (2002) and EH75/5 (2003). The HSE points out on its website that "Workers exposed to fine dust containing quartz are at risk of developing a chronic and possibly severely disabling lung disease known as "silicosis". In addition to silicosis, there is now evidence that heavy and prolonged workplace exposure to dust containing crystalline silica can lead to an increased risk of lung cancer. The evidence suggests that an increased risk of lung cancer is likely to occur only in those workers who have developed silicosis.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties - Toxicity

Name According to EEC CAS-No.

No Information

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity:

EC50 48hr (Daphnia):No informationIC50 72hr (Algae):No informationLC50 96hr (fish):No information

12.2 Persistence and degradability: The product is not volatile and insoluble in water, will accumulate in the ground.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential: Mostly nonbiodegradable. The hydrated lime will react with atmospheric and

dissolved carbon dioxide to form calcium carbonate (e.g. chalk).

12.4 Mobility in soil: No information

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment:

The product does not meet the criteria for PBT/VPvB in accordance with Annex XIII.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties - Ecotoxicity

Name According to EEC CAS-No.

No Information

12.7 Other adverse effects:

The addition of cement and hydrated lime to water will raise pH and may therefore be

toxic to aquatic life in some circumstances.

CAS-No. Name According to EEC EC50 48hr IC50 72hr LC50 96hr

65997-15-1 Cement, portland, chemicals No information No information

1305-62-0 Calcium dihydroxide 49.1 mg/l No information 50.6 mg/l

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS: If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

European Waste Code: 101304 **Packaging Waste Code:** 150101

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Date Printed: 10/03/2023

		ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1	UN-number or ID number	No Information	No Information	No Information	No Information
14.2	UN proper shipping name	Not regulated for transport according to ADR/RID, IMDG, and IATA regulations.	Not regulated for transport according to ADR/RID, IMDG, and IATA regulations.	Not regulated for transport according to ADR/RID, IMDG, and IATA regulations.	Not regulated for transport according to ADR/RID, IMDG, and IATA regulations.
14.3	Transport Hazard Class(es)	No Information	No Information	No Information	No Information
14.4	Packing Group	No Information	No Information	No Information	No Information
14.5	Enviromental Hazards	No Information	No Information	No Information	No Information

14.6 Special precautions for user Not applicable EmS-No.: Not applicable
 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO intruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation for the substance or mixture:

National Regulations:

Denmark Product Registration Number: Not available

Danish MAL Code: Not available

Danish MAL Code - Mixture: Not available

Sweden Product Registration Number: Not available

Norway Product Registration Number: Not available

Germany WGK Class: 1

Directive 2004/42/CE : <20

Covered by Directive 2012/18/EC (Seveso III): Not applicable

Restrictions to product or to substances according to Annex XVII, Regulation (CE) 1907/2006:

Not applicable

Annex XIV, Regulation (CE) 1907/2006 - Authorisation List:

CAS-No. Name According to EEC

Not Applicable

SVHC - Substances of very high concern (Candidate List - Art. 59 REACH):

CAS-No. Name According to EEC

Not Applicable

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment:

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other Information

Text for CLP Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Reasons for revision

Revision Description Changed

Substance and/or Product Properties Changed in Section(s):

- 01 Identification
- 02 Hazard Identification
- 03 Composition/Information On Ingredients
- 08 Exposure Controls/Personal Protection
- 09 Physical and Chemical Properties
- 11 Toxicological Information
- 14 Transportation Information
- 15 Regulatory Information

Composition Information Changed

Substance CAS Number Changed

Revision Statement(s) Changed

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) has been revised to meet the new EU CLP requirements. There have been both formatting and content changes based on the CLP classification (if applicable), please review each section of the SDS for specific changes.

List of References:

This Safety Data Sheet was compiled with data and information from the following sources:

- The Ariel Regulatory Database provided by the 3E Corporation in Copenhagen, Denmark.
- Joint Research Centre in Ispra, Italy.
- Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 with subsequent amendments.
- Regulation (EC) 1272/2006 with subsequent amendments.
- Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878
- EU Council Decision 2000/532/EC and its Annex entitled "List of Wastes"
- Safety Data Sheet from raw material supplier
- The classification declared in sec. 2.2 is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I and Annex II of the CLP Reg. 1272/2008 on the composition of the formula.

Acronym & Abbreviation Key:

Date Printed: 10/03/2023

CLP Classification, Labeling & Packaging Regulation

EC European Commission
EU European Union
US United States

CAS Chemical Abstract Service

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorization of Chemicals Regulation

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

LTEL Long term exposure limit
STEL Short term exposure limit
OEL Occupational exposure limit

ppm Parts per million

mg/m3 Milligrams per cubic meter
TLV Threshold Limit Value

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PEL Permissible Exposure Limits
VOC Volatile organic compounds

g/l Grams per liter

mg/kg Milligrams per kilogram

N/A Not applicable LD50 Lethal dose at 50%

LC50 Lethal concentration at 50%

EC50 Half maximal effective concentration
IC50 Half maximal inhibitory concentration
PBT Persistent bioaccumulative toxic chemical
vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

EEC European Economic Community

ADR International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road RID International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN United Nations

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IATA International Air Transport Association

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978

IBC International Bulk Container RTI Respiratory Tract Irritation

NE Narcotic Effects

IMO International Maritime Organization

Note P: The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply; the substance

contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene

Note 10: The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures in

powder $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +\left($

or incorporated in particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 μ m.

For further information, please contact: Technical Services Department

The information on this sheet corresponds to our present knowledge. It is not a specification and it does not guarantee specific properties. The information is intended to provide general guidance as to health and safety based upon our knowledge of the handling, storage, and use of the product. It is not applicable to unusual or non-standard uses of the product or where instructions and recommendations are not followed.